

# Initiatives on regulations from R&D projects Focus: Fire safety

Presented by:

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E-LASS seminar #14 – Afternoon session: Regulations

Thursday, June 17<sup>th</sup>, 2021



## Outline

- Part 1 (CMT) – The context: Towards safety of Composite Ships
- Part 2 (BV) – Fire Safety of FRP Materials: Outcomes from R&D Projects

Part 1 (CMT) –  
The context:  
Towards safety  
of Composite  
Ships

- Motivations
- The RAMSSES approach
- The road to IMO

# Motivations Current regulatory regime

## Very little number of FRP ships registered at IMO

SOLAS Ch.II-2 Regulation 2:

"The hull, superstructures, structural bulkheads, decks and deckhouses  
**shall be constructed of steel or other equivalent material. "**

**= barrier**

SOLAS Ch.II-2 Regulation 17:

"Alternative design and arrangements"

**On basis of Equivalent Safety**

**= opportunity**

Main issue to be addressed: **fire safety**

# Motivations Current regulatory regime

## Guidance available

- MSC.1/Circ.1455 Guidelines for the approval of alternatives and equivalents as provided for in various IMO instruments
  - **Uncertainty of getting approval in contract phase**
- MSC/Circ. 1002 Guidelines on alternative design and arrangement for fire safety
- MSC.1/Circ.1574 Interim guidelines for use of fibre reinforced plastic (FRP) elements within ship structures: Fire safety issues.
  - **Adopted June 2017, 4 years evaluation period**

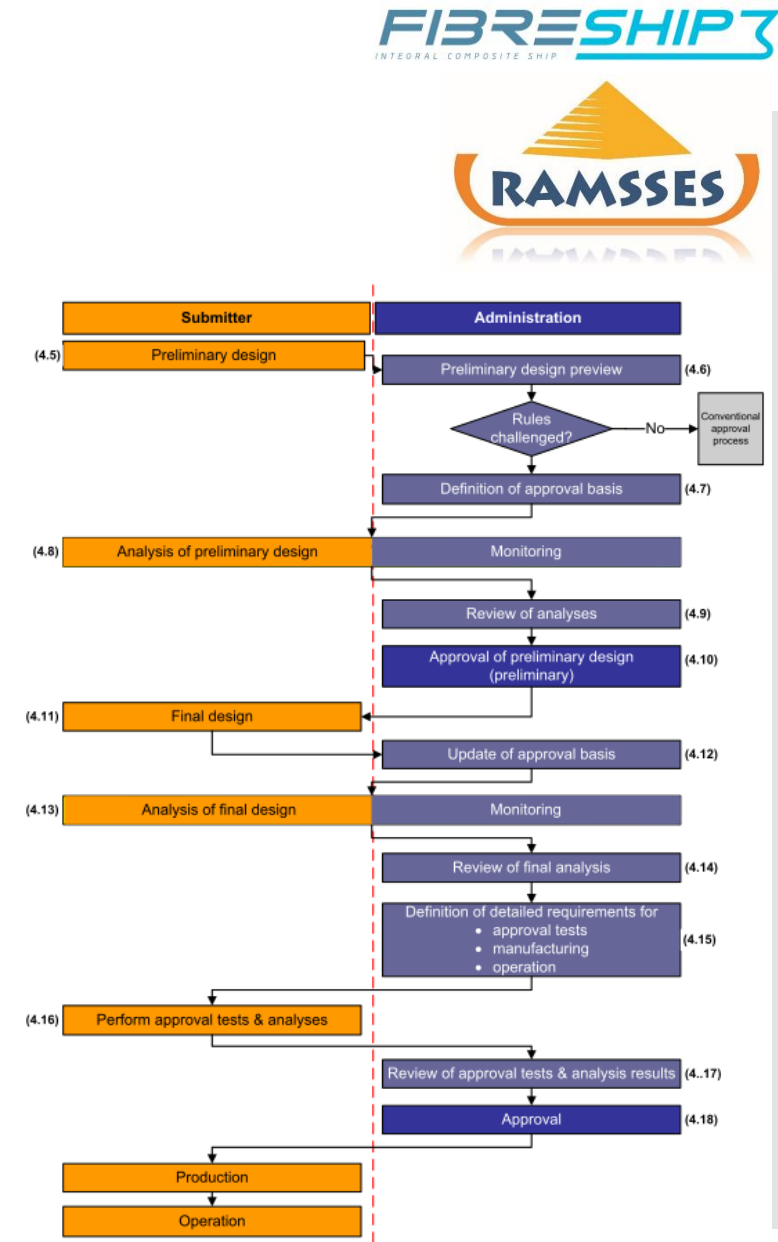


Figure 2: Design and Approval Process

# Developed Approaches



## Short term approach

- Based on existing rules and a **Smart Track to Approval**
  - Database of pre-approved solutions and materials test results
  - Fire risk scenarios
  - Analysis and modelling tools, including numerical or statistical models



## Long term approach

- Development of **new prescriptive rules** in:
  - Structure
  - Fire
  - Production
- Validation by simulations, tests and full-scale demonstrator



# Realisation and Demonstration of Advanced Material Solutions for Sustainable and Efficient Ships



01.06.2017  
30.11.2021



Budget: €13.5 M  
Funding: €10.8 M



36 partners  
12 countries



[www.ramsses-project.eu](http://www.ramsses-project.eu)

**Call Topic:** MG-2.2-2016 Development and Use of High Performance and Lightweight Materials ... (IA)

**Coordinator:** CETENA (Italy) – Financial and Administrative  
CMT (Germany) – Technical and Dissemination



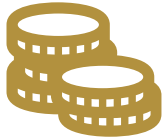
The project RAMSSES has received funding under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the grant agreement No 723246.

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## Innovative Materials for Ships:



less fuel and emissions



efficient and competitive

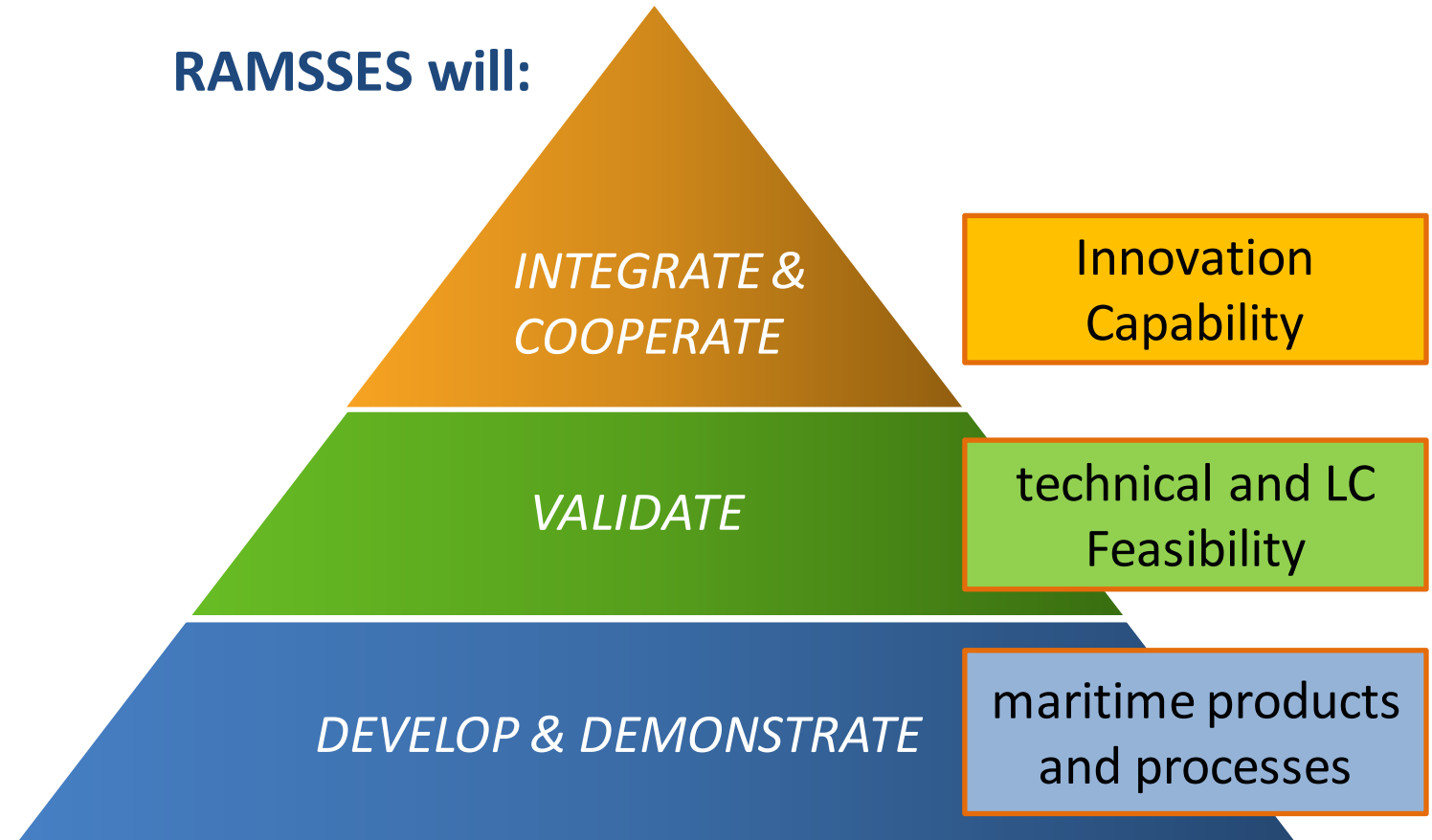


safe and comfortable

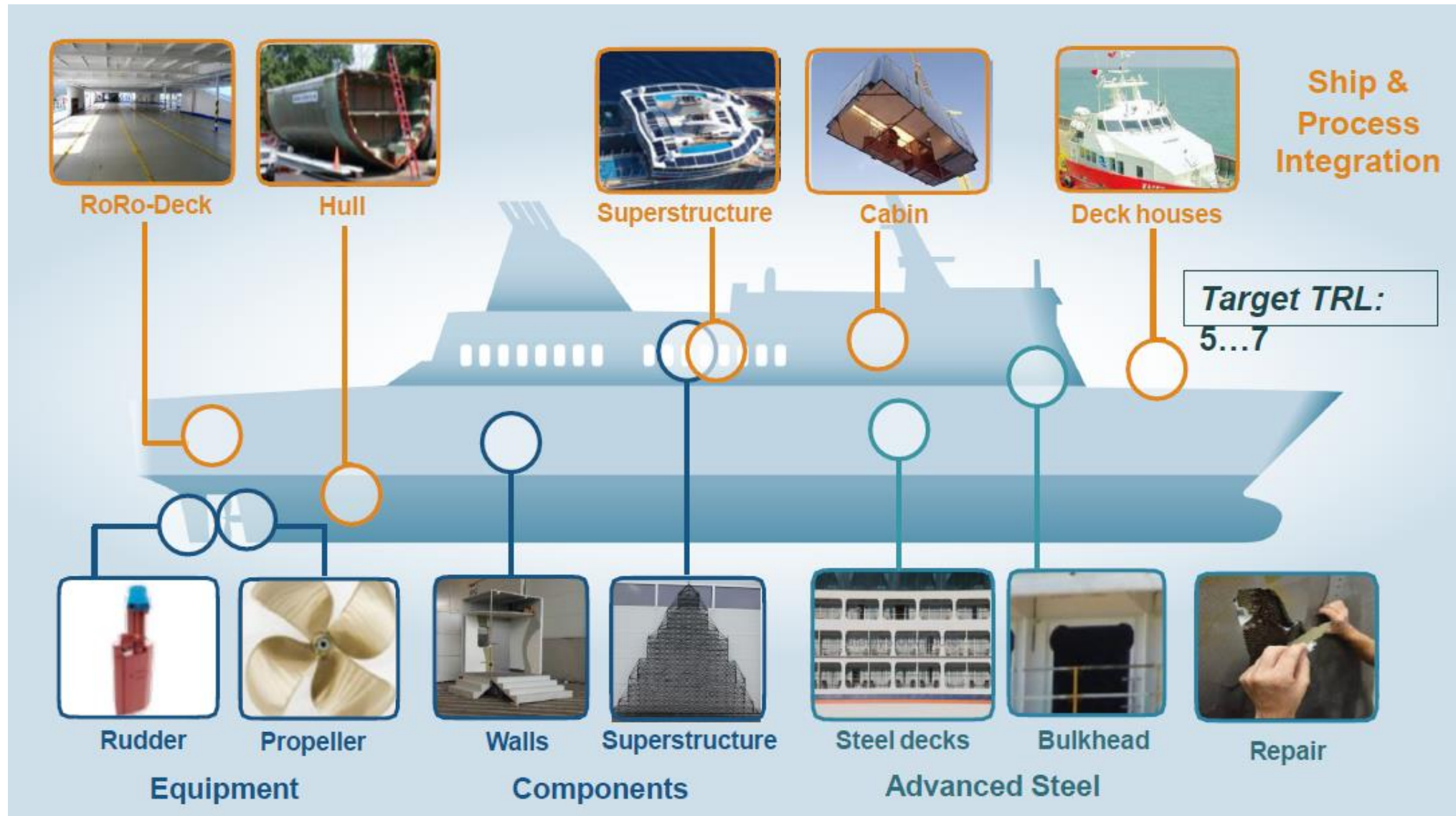


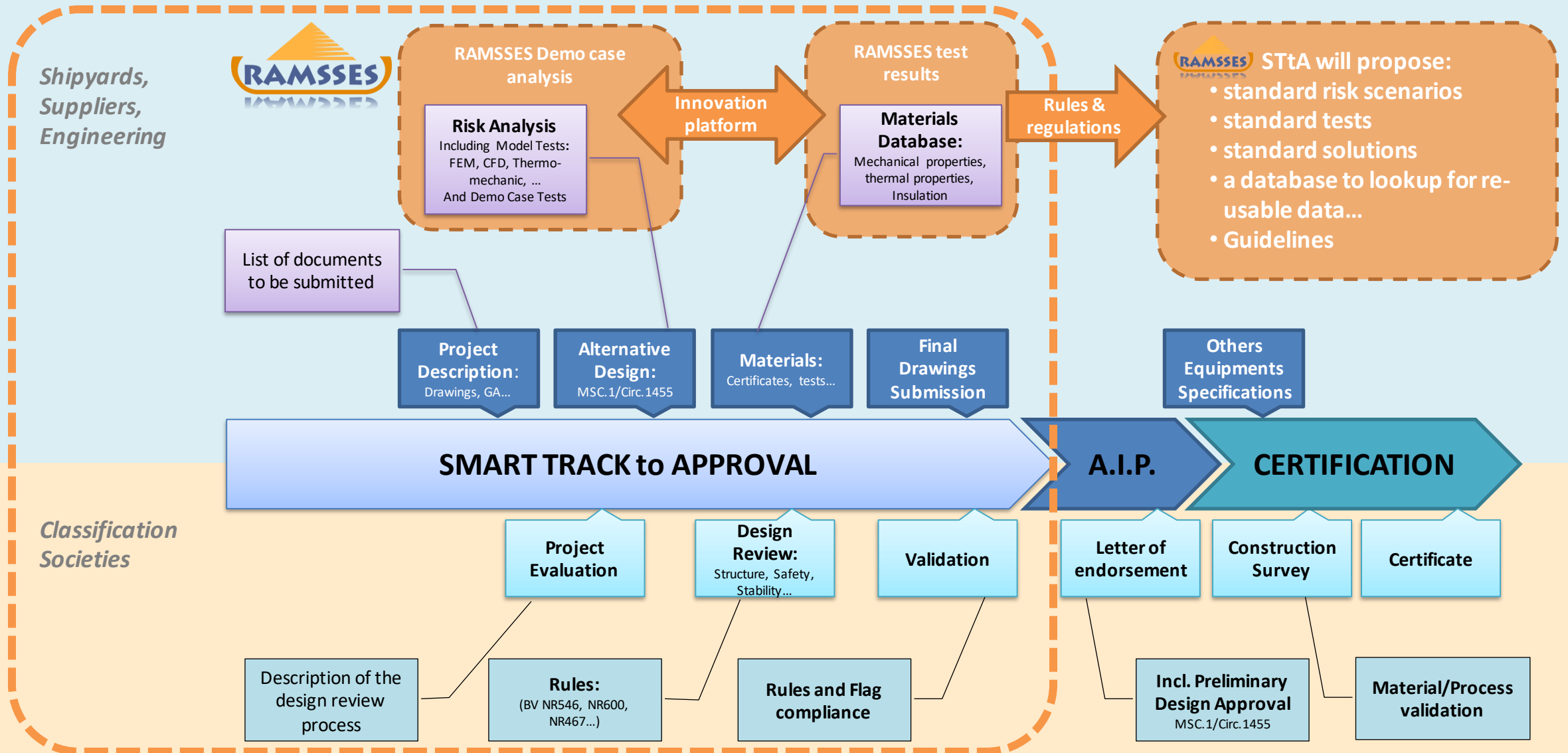
smart and functional

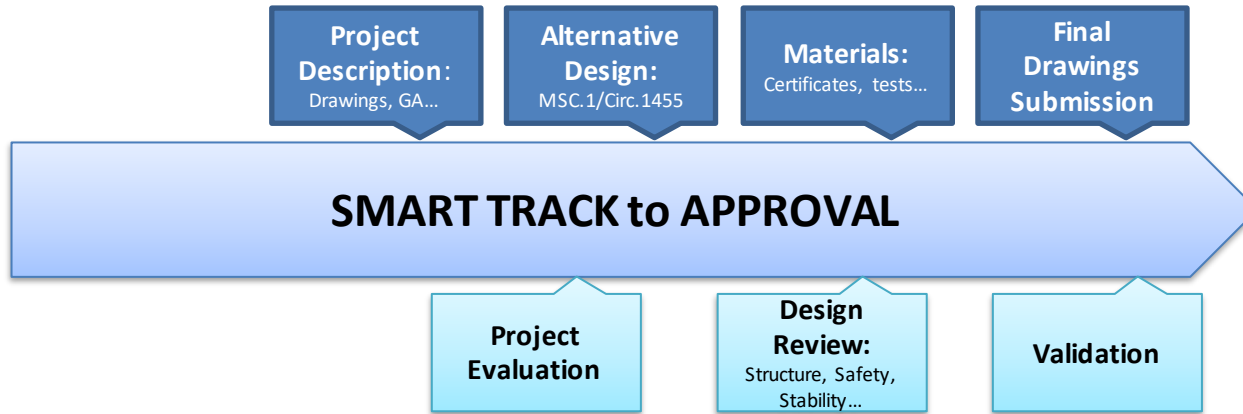
## RAMSSES will:







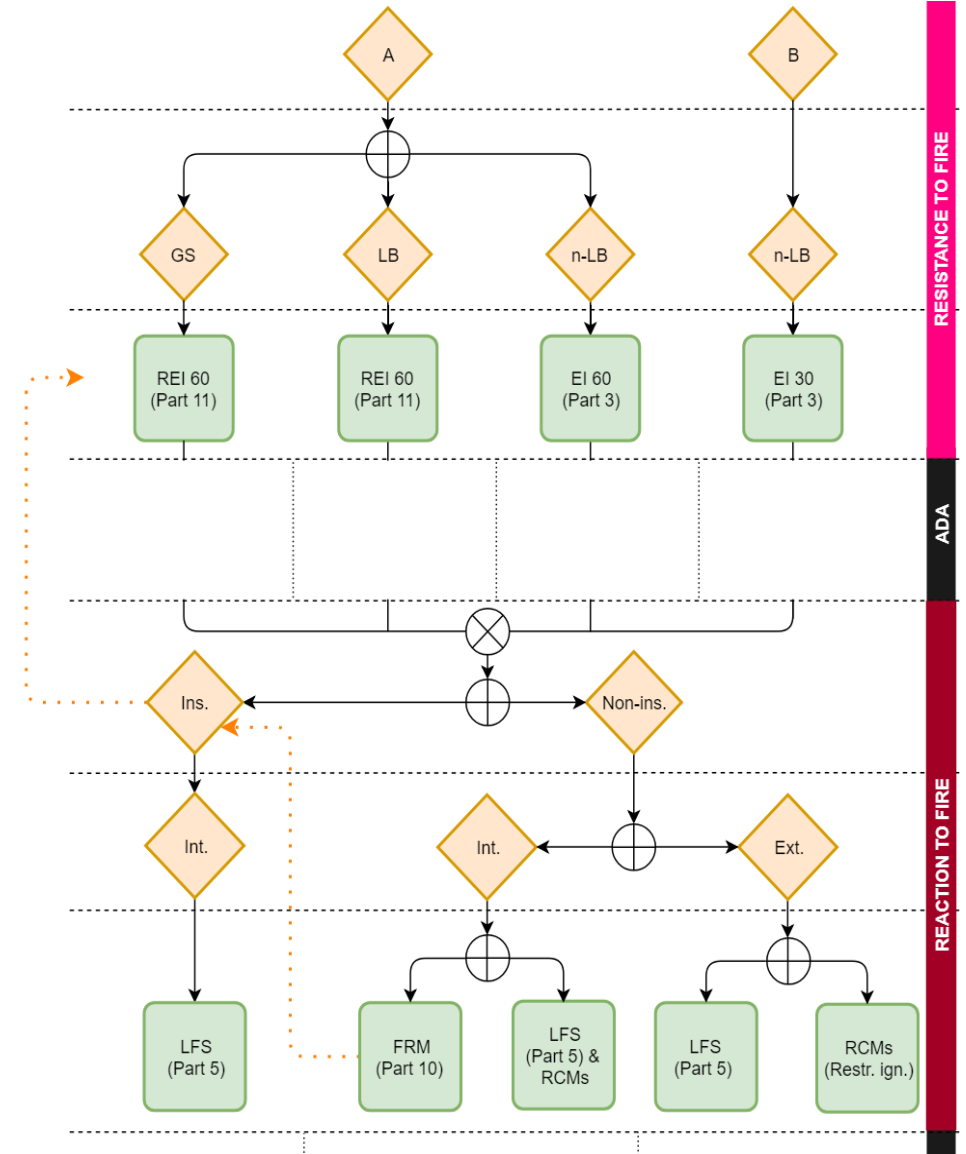




## Fire

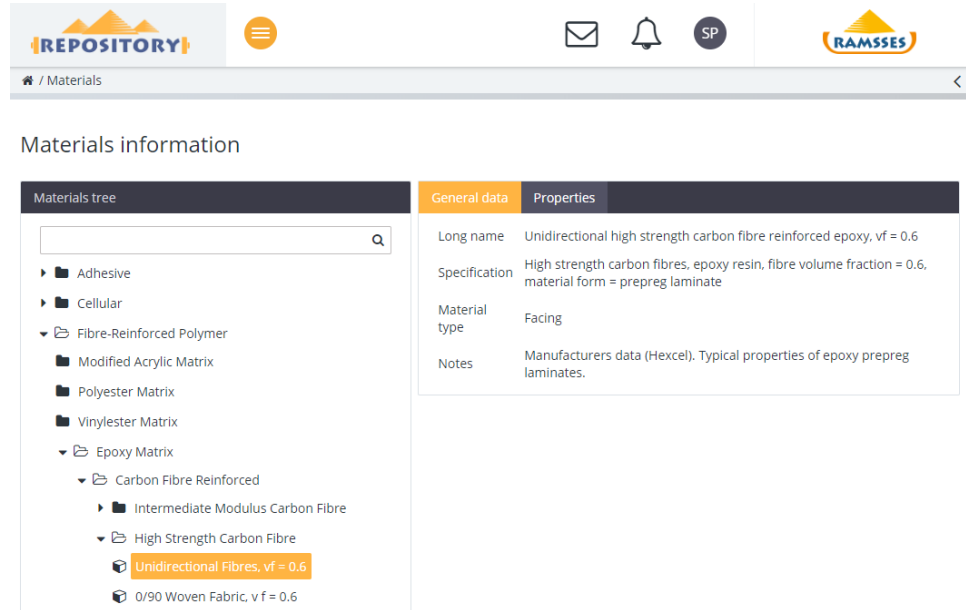
- A and B Class Division
- Resistance Class Definition
  - REI or EI
- Insulation / No insulation
  - Fire-Restricting Materials (FRM)
  - Low Flame-Spread (LFS)
  - Restricting ignitability

In accordance with FTP Code





## SMART TRACK to APPROVAL

**Materials information**

**Materials tree**

- Adhesive
- Cellular
- Fibre-Reinforced Polymer
  - Modified Acrylic Matrix
  - Polyester Matrix
  - Vinylester Matrix
  - Epoxy Matrix
    - Carbon Fibre Reinforced
      - Intermediate Modulus Carbon Fibre
      - High Strength Carbon Fibre
        - Unidirectional Fibres, vf = 0.6
        - 0/90 Woven Fabric, vf = 0.6

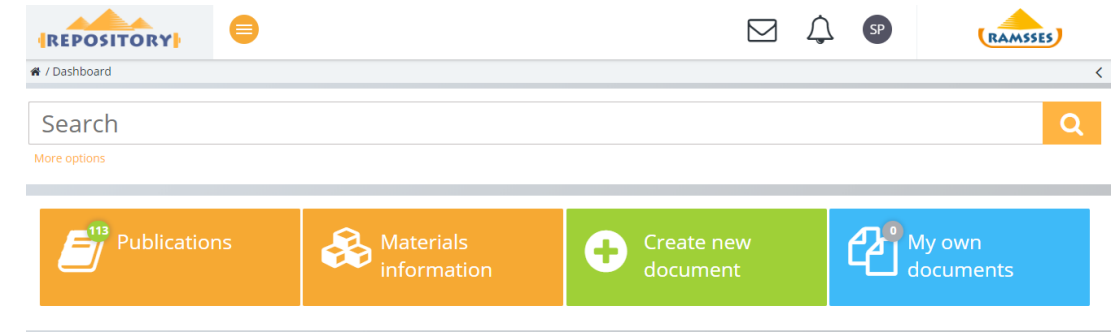
**General data**

Long name: Unidirectional high strength carbon fibre reinforced epoxy, vf = 0.6

Specification: High strength carbon fibres, epoxy resin, fibre volume fraction = 0.6, material form = prepreg laminate

Material type: Facing

Notes: Manufacturers data (Hexcel). Typical properties of epoxy prepreg laminates.



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Materials information




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General data	Properties			
Property	Value	Unit	Value type	Reference
Compressive Stiffness 1	115.0	GPa	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Compressive Stiffness 2	10.0	GPa	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Compressive Strength 1	1300.0	MPa	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Compressive Strength 2	250.0	MPa	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Poisson's Ratio 12	0.25	no unit	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Shear Stiffness 12	4.4	GPa	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Shear Strength 12	95.0	MPa	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Tensile Strength 1	2000.0	MPa	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Tensile Strength 2	80.0	MPa	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Young's Modulus 1	130.0	GPa	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Young's Modulus 2	9.0	GPa	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Thermal Conductivity	1.0	W/m.K	Typical	Hexcel (2005)
Thermal Expansion Coefficient	-0.1	μstrain/K	Typical	Hexcel (2005)

- Suggestion to use selection tables to find existing solutions

		Test Compliance			
		Test A	Test B	Test C	Test D
Material selection	Material 1				
	Material 2				
	Material 3				
	Material 4				

		Standard fire risk scenarios			
		Scenario A	Scenario B	Scenario C	Scenario D
Pre-approved solutions	Solution 1				
	Solution 2				
	Solution 3				
	Solution 4				

- Quickly known what is already possible, and what is not
- More time available to assess safety of new elements



## FIBRESHIP & RAMSSES:

- Demonstrated **advantages** of composite materials in shipbuilding,
- Proved the **ability** to build large structure in composite,
- Proposed **new approach** for fire division rating,
- Ask Member States to:
  - support using our results in evaluation of **MSC.1/Circ.1574** and,
  - encourage to submit your own experiences to **IMO**



